HB 219 Worked Example 3.6.1 Extensive Urban MEN System Supplied by a HV Overhead Line

2 km aerial HV feed to a pole-mounted distribution transformer, no OHEW, common HV/LV earth extensive MEN, LV neutral not bonded to HV source substation.

11 kV source, no NER.

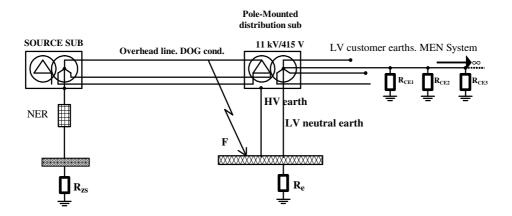


Fig. 3.6.1.1 Extensive urban MEN network supplied by a HV overhead line

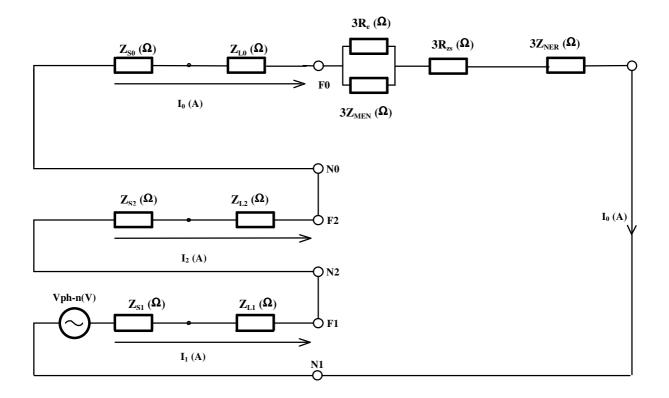


Fig 3.6.1.2 Symmetrical components network for a HV single phase to earth fault at the distribution transformer.

11kV SYSTEM DATA

SOURCE VOLTAGE (volts) & IMPEDANCE (Ohms)

Single phase source voltage $V_{\text{ph-n}}$ (Volts)

$$Vs_1 := 6350$$

Single Phase Fault Level S (MVA)

$$S_{A} = 200$$

Source impedance calculated from the fault level. Assume source impedance is purely reactive and positive sequence = negative sequence = zero sequence.

Positive sequence source impedance (Ohms)

$$Z_{S1} := \frac{11^2}{S} \cdot j$$
 $Z_{S1} = 0.6j$

Negative sequence source impedance (Ohms)

$$Z_{S2} := Z_{S1}$$

Zero sequence source impedance (Ohms)

$$Z_{S0} := Z_{S1}$$

11kV Overhead line impedance

Conductor size: DOG (6/4.72 mm aluminium with 7/1.57 mm steel)

Length (km)

$$L := 1.0$$

Line sequence impedances (Ohms/km)

Positive sequence line impedance (Ohms/km)

$$Z_{L1} := 0.2722 + 0.3407j$$

Negative sequence line impedance (Ohms/km)

$$Z_{L2} := Z_{L1}$$

Zero sequence line impedance (Ohms/km)

$$Z_{L0} := 0.4204 + 1.6545j$$

11kV NER AND EARTHING IMPEDANCE (Ohms)

Neutral Earthing Resistor (Ohms)

$$Z_{NER} := 0$$

Zone substation earthing system resistance (Ohms)

$$R_{zs} := 0.01$$

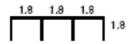
Surface soil resistivity (Ohm-m)

$$\rho := 10$$
 Ohm-m

MEN impedance of typical urban extensive MEN system (see HB 219 Worked Example 4.1.1 for the derivation of this value) (Ohms)

 $Z_{MEN} := 0.103 + 0.076j$

Distribution transformer earthing system



Transformer earthing system resistance (Ohms)

$$R_e := 0.1346 \cdot \rho$$

$$R_e = 1.3$$

The equivalent hemispherical radius (m)

$$r_E := \frac{\rho}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_e} \qquad \qquad r_E = 1.18$$

$$r_{\rm E} = 1.18$$

$$Z_{eq} := \left(\frac{1}{Z_{MEN}} + \frac{1}{R_e}\right)^{-1}$$

$$Z_{eq} = 0.10 + 0.07j$$

CALCULATIONS

One Phase to Earth fault on the 11kV feeder at the distribution transformer

Sequence network impedances (Ohms)

$$Z_{pos} := Z_{S1} + Z_{L1} \cdot L$$

$$Z_{\text{neg}} := Z_{S2} + Z_{L2} \cdot L$$

$$Z_{\text{neg}} := Z_{S2} + Z_{L2} \cdot L$$
 $Z_{\text{zero}} := Z_{S0} + Z_{L0} \cdot L + 3 \cdot Z_{\text{eq}} + 3 \cdot R_{ZS}$

$$Z_{pos} = 0.3 + 0.9j$$

$$Z_{neg} = 0.3 + 0.9j$$

$$Z_{\text{neg}} = 0.3 + 0.9j$$
 $Z_{\text{zero}} = 0.7 + 2.5j$

Zero sequence fault current (Amps)

$$I_0 \coloneqq \frac{Vs_1}{Z_{pos} + Z_{neg} + Z_{zero} + 3 \cdot Z_{NER}}$$

Fault current (Amps).

$$I_{\mathfrak{E}} := 3 \cdot I_{\mathfrak{C}}$$

$$I_f := 3 \cdot I_0$$
 $I_f = 1196.8 - 4026.5j$

$$|I_{\rm f}| = 4200.6$$

EPR at the distribution transformer (Volts)

$$EPR_{dt} := I_f \cdot Z_{eq}$$

$$\left| \text{EPR}_{\text{dt}} \right| = 499$$